## IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Currently amended) A method comprising:
  - delivering a pacing pulse to a heart;
- sensing a ventricular signal resulting from the delivered pacing pulse; detecting intrinsic ventricular activity within the sensed ventricular signal within the heart after delivering the pacing pulse; and
- extending a pacing interval between the delivered pacing pulse and a
- subsequently delivered pacing pulse based on the detection of intrinsic ventricular activity.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising modifying the pacing interval to aid in detecting intrinsic ventricular activity within the heart.
- (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein modifying the pacing interval includes modulating an atrial to ventricular pacing delay.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the pacing pulse delivered to the heart comprises a pacing pulse delivered to a ventricle of the heart.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the subsequently delivered pacing pulse comprises a pacing pulse delivered to a ventricle of the heart after the delivered pacing pulse.
- 6. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein detecting intrinsic ventricular activity within the heart comprises comparing a past ventricular signal resulting from a past pacing pulse with a current the ventricular signal resulting from a current the delivered pacing pulse.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein a past ventricular signal comprises a past ventricular signal that is representative of a ventricular signal where the heart is fully captured by the past pacing pulse.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein a past ventricular signal further comprises a most recent ventricular signal resulting from a most recent pacing pulse.
- 9. (Currently amended) The method of claim 6, wherein comparing a past ventricular signal resulting from a past pacing pulse with a-current the ventricular signal resulting from a-current the delivered pacing pulse comprises comparing at least one morphological characteristic of the past ventricular signal to a same morphological characteristic of the eurrent ventricular signal resulting from the delivered pacing pulse.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the morphological characteristic includes at least one of a minimum amplitude of a signal, a maximum amplitude of a signal, a width of a signal, a slope of a signal, T-wave timing and T-wave amplitude.
- 11. (Currently amended) A device comprising:

at least one electrode to deliver a pacing pulse to a heart <u>and sense a</u> ventricular signal resulting from the delivered pacing pulse; and

- a processor that detects intrinsic ventricular activity <u>within the sensed</u>
  <u>ventricular signal</u> within the heart after delivering the pacing pulse and extends a
  pacing interval between the delivered pacing pulse and a subsequently delivered
  pacing pulse based on the detection of intrinsic ventricular activity.
- 12. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein the processor modifies the pacing interval to aid in detecting intrinsic ventricular activity within the heart.

- 13. (Original) The device of claim 12, wherein the processor modifies the pacing interval modifies the pacing interval by modulation of atrial to ventricular delay.
- 14. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein the electrode comprises an electrode to deliver a pacing pulse to a ventricle of the heart.
- 15. (Currently amended) The device of claim 11, wherein the processor detects intrinsic ventricular activity by comparing a past ventricular signal resulting from a past pacing pulse with a current the ventricular signal resulting from a current the delivered pacing pulse.
- 16. (Original) The device of claim 15, wherein the processor that compares a past ventricular signal that is representative of a ventricular signal where the heart is fully captured by the past pacing pulse.
- 17. (Original) The device of claim 15, wherein the processor compares a most recent ventricular signal resulting from a most recent pacing pulse.
- 18. (Currently amended) The device of claim 15, wherein the processor compares at least one morphological characteristic of the past ventricular signal to a same morphological characteristic of the current ventricular signal resulting from the delivered pacing pulse.
- 19. (Original) The device of claim 18, wherein the processor compares at least one of a minimum amplitude of a signal, a maximum amplitude of a signal, a width of a signal, a slope of a signal, T-wave timing and T-wave amplitude.
- (Original) The device of claim 15, further comprising a memory to store the past ventricular signal.

21. (Currently amended) A computer-readable medium comprising instructions to cause a processor to:

control a pulse generator to deliver a pacing pulse to a heart; sense a ventricular signal resulting from the delivered pacing pulse; detect intrinsic ventricular activity within the sensed ventricular signal within the heart after delivering the pacing pulse; and

extend a pacing interval between the delivered pacing pulse and a subsequently delivered pacing pulse based on the detection of intrinsic ventricular activity.

- 22. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 21, further comprising instructions to cause the processor to modify the pacing interval to aid in detecting intrinsic ventricular activity within the heart.
- 23. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 22, wherein the instructions cause the processor to modify the pacing interval by modulation of atrial to ventricular delay.
- 24. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 21, wherein the pacing pulse delivered to the heart comprises a pacing pulse delivered to a ventricle of the heart.
- 25. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 21, wherein the subsequently delivered pacing pulse comprises a pacing pulse delivered to a ventricle of the heart after the delivered pacing pulse.
- 26. (Currently amended) The computer-readable medium of claim 21, wherein the instructions cause the processor to detect intrinsic ventricular activity within the heart by comparing a past ventricular signal resulting from a past pacing

pulse with a current the ventricular signal resulting from a current the delivered pacing pulse.

- 27. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 26, wherein a past ventricular signal comprises a past ventricular signal that is representative of a ventricular signal where the heart is fully captured by the past pacing pulse.
- 28. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 26, wherein the past ventricular signal further comprises a most recent ventricular signal resulting from a most recent pacing pulse.
- 29. (Currently amended) The computer-readable medium of claim 28, wherein the instructions cause the processor to compare a <u>the</u> past ventricular signal resulting from a <u>the</u> past pacing pulse with a <u>current the</u> ventricular signal resulting from a <u>current the</u> delivered pacing pulse by comparing at least one morphological characteristic of the past ventricular signal to a same morphological characteristic of the <u>current</u> ventricular signal <u>resulting from the</u> delivered pacing pulse.
- 30. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 29, wherein a morphological characteristic includes a minimum amplitude of a signal, a maximum amplitude of a signal, a width of a signal, a slope of a signal, T-wave timing and T-wave amplitude.